FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE #
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
CITY OFFICIALS	2
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-9
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	10 11
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Notes to Financial Statements	12 13 14-29
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	30
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	31
Schedule of Pension Contributions	32
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Comparative Schedule of Revenues & Expenditures-General Fund	33

WILLIAM C SPORE, P.C. Certified Public Accountants 200 N. Rufe Snow Drive, Ste 116 Keller, TX 76248 817-421-6619

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Town Council Town of Cross Roads, Texas

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major funds of the Town of Cross Roads, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Town of Cross Roads, Texas, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of pension contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements the collectively comprise the Town of Cross Roads' basic financial statements. The comparative schedule of revenues and expenditures – general fund is presented for additional analysis and is not a part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative schedule of revenues and expenditures – general fund is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, comparative schedule of revenues and expenditures – general fund is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

William C. Spore, P.C. Keller, Texas Certified Public Accountants March 19, 2018

TOWN OFFICIALS

September 30, 2017

MAYOR	Steve Smith
MAYOR PRO-TEM	David Meek
	Tom Clark
	Alan Hauf
	Dan Prins
	Wendy White-Stevens
ADMINSTRATOR	Becky Ross
SECRETARY	Teddi Lee
CITY ATTORNEY	David Berman

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PAGE - 2

TOWN OF CROSS ROADS, TX MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2017

As management of the Town of Cross Roads, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. The information provided here should be used in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") has been designed to [1] assist readers and interested parties in focusing on significant financial issues [2] provide an overview of the Town's financial activity, [3] identify changes in the Town's financial position, including its ability to address the next and subsequent years challenges, [4] identify material deviations from the approved budgets adopted by the Town Council (those charged with governance), and [5] identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Because MD&A focuses on the current year's activity, resulting changes and currently known facts, you are encouraged to read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements including notes thereto, required supplemental information, and other supplementary data provided below.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2017 by \$7,020,120, an increase of \$1,973,593 from September 30, 2016.
- The Town's governmental fund balance decreased \$407,037 during the 2017 fiscal year to a balance of \$1,421,864.
- The Town's capital assets, reported at cost less accumulated depreciation, total \$5,622,387 at September 30, 2017 and the Town continues to not have any long-term debt.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (page 10) presents information on all the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (page 11) presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences). Capital grant funds are reported as revenues in the Statement of Activities.

The Town currently only provides Governmental type activities. Governmental activities include basic services such as fire, ambulance, inspection, parks, streets, municipal development and general administration. Permit revenues, sales taxes, and franchise fees finance most of these activities. The Town does not assess or collect a property tax. The Town does not provide any Business-type activities such as water or sewer systems and related fees.

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

All the Town's activities are accounted for in a governmental fund, the General Fund. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances left at the end of the year that is available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements, the Balance Sheet (page 12) and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (page 13) provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 14.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A portion of the Town's net position is its investment in capital assets, (land, building, equipment and infrastructure.) The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to the Town's citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. It is also significant that the Town does not have any long-term debt and it does not levy property taxes.

The Town's net position as of September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	2017	2016
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,731,762	\$ 2,084,682
Capital Assets	5,622,387	3,187,949
Total Assets	7,354,149	5,272,631
Deferred Outflows of Resources	17,661	18,035
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	306,438	196,934
Net Pension Liability	34,066	31,237
Total Liabilities	340,504	228,171
Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,186	15,968
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets, net		
of debt	5,622,387	3,187,949
Restricted	115,461	76,904
Unrestricted	1,282,272	1,781,674
Total Net Assets	\$ 7,020,120	\$ 5,046,527

The Town's net position totals \$7,020,120, including liquid assets (cash and receivables less accounts payable) of \$1,425,324. The Town is accumulating funds for future road improvement projects so that it can complete those road projects without incurring debt. The Town also has significant investment in capital assets, (land, building, equipment and infrastructure.) The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to the Town's citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. During fiscal years 2016 and 2017 the Town has had ongoing road improvement projects totaling \$4,446,236. Of this total, \$3,171,283 was reimbursed by Denton County through an interlocal agreement between the Town and the County.

Analysis of Town's Operations

The results of the Town's operations for the years ended September 30, 2017 & September 30, 2016 were as follows.

		2017	2016
REVENUES			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$	224,184	\$ 157,910
Grants & Donations		1,910,090	1,284,808
General Revenues:			
Sales & Beverage Taxes		2,139,564	1,948,923
Franchise Fees		114,316	115,744
Interest Income		9,411	8,002
Total Revenues	-	4,397,565	3,515,387
PROGRAM EXPENSES			
General Government		1,171,473	606,545
Culture & Recreation		32,433	0
Public Health & Safety		919,103	638,916
Streets		300,963	187,120
Total Expenses	-	2,423,972	1,432,581
Increase (Decrease) in			
Net Position	\$	1,973,593	\$ 2,082,806

Charges for services include developer/subdivision fees, road improvement fees, building permit, inspection fees and miscellaneous revenues. Residential permit and development fee revenues decreased \$49,589 during 2017 as the Town experienced a continued slowdown in residential growth. As part of the Town's interlocal agreement with the City of Krugerville for funding of the Northeast Municipal Court (NEMC) and the Northeast Police Department (NEPD) the employees of NEMC and several of the officers employed by NEPD were accounted for and paid as employees of the Town of Cross Roads and these personnel expenses were reimbursed by the NEMC and NEPD. Starting in fiscal year 2017 NEPD also began reimbursing the Town of Cross Roads for administrative support provided by the Town to NEPD. These reimbursements, \$47,990 (NEPD) and \$76,308 (NEMC), are included in charges for services above.

During 2014 the Town entered into an interlocal agreement with Denton County for road improvements to be completed during fiscal years 2016 and 2017. As part of the agreement the Town received \$1,886,475 of road improvement reimbursements from Denton County in 2017 and \$1,215,061 in 2016. These revenues are included in Grants and Donation revenues above,

The Towns sales tax revenues increased to \$2,139,564, a 10% increase over 2016 sales tax revenues. The Walmart store along with the opening of many new commercial developments along Highway 380 has significantly added to the sales tax base in the Town.

During 2013 the Town entered into an interlocal agreement with the City of Krugerville to create the Northeast Police Department (NEPD) to be effective October 1, 2013. For 2017 the Town's support for the NEPD was \$550,801 compared to \$444,485 in 2016. These expenses are included in the Public Health and Safety expenses.

An analysis of the Town's significant general government expenses in 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

GENERAL GOVERNMENT	2017	2017		INCREASE
Advertising & Promotion	\$ 12,892	\$	19,407	\$ (6,515)
Legal Fees	13,468		20,322	(6,854)
Economic Development Grants	595,713		89,605	506,108
Engineering Fees	45,305		54,506	(9,201)
Park Maintenance & Planning Building & Equipment	7,772		11,292	(3,520)
Maintenance	10,658		17,812	(7,154)
Supplies & Minor Equipment	15,360		10,124	5,236
Technology	11,263		8,455	2,808
Staff Wages	286,792		204,214	82,578
Payroll Taxes	22,500		16,546	5,954
Employee Health Insurance	35,417		19,163	16,254
Employee Retirement	\$ 19,751	\$	15,550	\$ 4,201

The economic development grant expense relates to development agreements (380 agreements) the Town has with various developers as incentives for the developers to develop commercial properties in the Town. The agreements call for the Town to pay as incentive grants, certain percentages of the sales tax collected by the Town from the commercial properties included the development areas.

Due to the transfer of the NEMC payroll to the Town, staff wages and related benefits increased in 2017

GOVERNMENTAL FUND ANALYSIS

The focus of the Town's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements; in particular, unreserved fund balance may serve a measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Fund revenues in 2017 increased \$807,582. This increase includes an increase of \$741,161 of Denton County road reimbursements, a \$177,362 increase in sales tax revenues and personnel reimbursements from NEMC and NEPD of \$124,298 of which there were no similar revenues in 2016, These increases were partially offset by a decrease of \$178,150 in transfers from the Municipal Development District to the Town for road improvements

Total administrative expenditures increased 108%, public safety expenditures increased 43% and street maintenance expenditures increased 9% from 2016 to 2017. The 2017 administration expenditures include \$595,713 of economic development grant expenditures, which is an increase of \$506,108 over 2016 grant expenditures.

Total general fund-fund basis expenditures exceeded fund basis revenues in 2017 by \$446,208 in 2017 and the Town's general fund balance decreased to \$1,306,403.

The Town has the following restricted and committed fund balances at September 2017:

	YEAR END
RESTRICTED/COMMITTED TO:	BALANCE
Municipal Utility District	\$ 115,461
Economic Development Grants	75,710
Legal Contingency Fund	250,000
Public Safety	250,000
	\$ 691,171

These funds are maintained in separate, interest bearing, bank accounts.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town's original budgeted expenditures for 2017 exceeded the originally budgeted revenues by \$3,242. This deficit was to be funded by funds on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year. The original budget was amended in October 2015 to reflect increased revenues and expenditures during 2015. The amended budget anticipated a surplus of \$192,821.

A comparison of actual revenues and expenditures to budgeted revenues and expenditures is as follows:

	BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 4,694,171	\$	4,398,901	\$ (295,270)
EXPENDITURES:				
General Government	940,372		1,139,232	(198,860)
Public Health & Safety	926,898		919,103	7,795
Streets	84,717		82,113	2,604
Capital Outlay	2,422,662	_	2,704,661	(281,999)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,374,649	_	4,845,109	(470,460)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ 319,522	\$_	(446,208)	\$ (765,730)

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Town's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2017 amounts to \$1,361,975 (net of depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure. Capital additions for 2017 included building improvements of \$30,325, street improvements of \$2,629,972, equipment additions of \$40,380 and park improvements of \$40,380. A schedule of capital assets is as follows:

CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR END									
NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION									
2017 2016									
Land	\$ 108,090 \$ 108,09								
Construction in Progress 40,380									
Buildings	351,789 377,74								
Equipment	156,178 147,286								
Infrastructure	-	4,965,950		2,554,828					
TOTAL	\$	5,622,387	\$	3,187,949					

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the Financial Statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Town has no long-term liabilities.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Budgeted general fund revenues for fiscal year 2018 total \$3,869,450, including \$2,015,000 of sales tax revenues. \$250,600 of permit and fee revenues, \$580,000 for Denton County road contributions, \$175,000 for a developer park donation, \$432,000 for a developer public safety donation and a \$215,500 transfer from the Municipal Development District. Budgeted general fund expenditures for 2018 total \$4,118,850, including \$893,822 for NEPD operating support, \$50,000 for town improvements, \$400,000 for park improvements, \$1,250,028 for road improvements and \$473,500 for personnel costs.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town of Cross Roads. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Town Secretary at 1401 F.M. 424, Cross Roads, TX 76227 or at (940) 365-9693.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2017

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Cash Receivables Prepaid Expenses TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$ 1,166,500 562,505 2,757 1,731,762
CAPITAL ASSETS Land Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Accumulated Depreciation NET CAPITAL ASSETS	108,090 512,932 283,718 6,153,904 (1,436,257) 5,622,387
TOTAL ASSETS	7,354,149
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Contributions After Measurement Date Difference in Projected and Actual Earnings-Pension Difference in Changes in Assumptions-Pension TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11,725 2,149 <u>3,787</u> 17,661
LIABILITIES	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Accrued Compensated Absences NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Net Pension Liability TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,215 269,323 9,900 <u>34,066</u> <u>340,504</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Difference in Expected and Actual Pension Experience	11,186
NET POSITION Invested in Capital Asset, Net of Related Debt Restricted for:	5,622,387
Municipal Development Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 115,461 1,282,272 7,020,120

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	(CHARGES FOF SERVICES	र	OPERATING GRANTS & DONATIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS & REIMBURSE- MENTS	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: General Government	\$ (1,203,906)	\$	224,184	\$	10,255	\$ 0	\$ (969,467)
Public Safety Public Works-Streets TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	(919,103) (300,963)		0 0		0 0	0 1,899,835	(919,103) 1,598,872
	\$ (2,423,972)	\$	224,184	\$	10,255	\$ 1,899,835	(289,698)
GENERAL REVENUE							
Sales Taxes Franchise Fees Interest Income							2,139,564 114,316 9,411
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE							2,263,291
CHANGE IN NET POSITION							1,973,593
NET POSITION - BEGINNING							5,046,527
NET POSITION - ENDING							\$ 7,020,120

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2017

		GENERAL <u>FUND</u>	ſ	MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT <u>DISTRICT</u>	G	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	1,096,647	\$	69,853	\$	1,166,500
Receivables:						
Sales & Beverage Taxes		324,782		46,790		371,572
Franchise Fees		12,764		0		12,764
Road Contributions		120,242		0		120,242
Development Fees		12,307		0		12,307
Other		32,260				32,260
Interfund		1,182		(1,182)		0
Prepaid Expenses		2,757		0		2,757
TOTAL ASSETS		1,602,941		115,461		1,718,402
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	27,215 269,323 296,538		0 0 0	-	27,215 269,323 296,538
FUND BALANCE						
Non-Spendable - Prepaid Expenses	_	2,757		0	_	2,757
Restricted For:						
Restricted to Municipal Development		0		115,461		115,461
Committed To:						
Public Safety		250,000		0		250,000
Legal Contingency		250,000		0		250,000
Economic Development Grants		75,710		0		75,710
Unassigned		727,936		0	-	727,936
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	_	1,306,403		115,461	_	1,421,864
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE	\$	1,602,941	\$	115,461	\$	1,718,402

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2017

Fund Balance Above	\$	1,421,864
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Fund Balance Sheet.		5,622,387
Receivables not collected within 60 days of the end of the year are not considered available and are not reported in the Fund Balance Sheet		13,360
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the Fund Balance Sheet:		
Accrued compensated absences		(9,900)
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resource	S	(27,591)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	7,020,120

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		GENERAL	г	MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT	G	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL	
		FUND			0	FUNDS	
REVENUES		<u> </u>				<u></u>	
Sales & Beverage Taxes	\$	1,873,408	\$	266,156	\$	2,139,564	
Franchise Fees		114,316		0		114,316	
Permits & Development Fees		90,844		0		90,844	
Other Revenues		9,042		0		9,042	
County Road Contributions		1,956,222		0		1,956,222	
Personnel Reimbursements		124,298		0		124,298	
Interest Income	_	8,921		490		9,411	
TOTAL REVENUES	_	4,177,051		266,646		4,443,697	
EXPENDITURES							
General Government		1,139,232		5,625		1,144,857	
Public Safety		919,103		0		919,103	
Public Works		82,113		0		82,113	
Capital Outlay		2,704,661	-	0		2,704,661	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,845,109	-	5,625	_	4,850,734	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES BEFORE TRANSFERS		(668,058)		261,021		(407,037)	
		(000,000)	-	201,021		(101,001)	
TRANSFERS							
Transfer from Municipal Development Dist		221,850		(221,850)		0	
	_						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(446,208)		39,171		(407,037)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		1,752,611		76,290		1,828,901	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1,306,403	\$	115,461	\$	1,421,864	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	(407,037)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the stat the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreci		
Capital assets recorded in the current period		2,704,661
Depreciation expense on capital assets		(270,223)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental f		(56,387)
Compensated absences		1,000
Governmental funds report pension expense as it paid into the retirement plane However, in the statement of activates, pension expense reflects the change in liability during the plan fiscal year (calendar year 2016):	-	•
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	1,973,593

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -

The Town of Cross Roads operates under a Council-Mayor form of government, following the laws of a General Law Town as defined by the State of Texas. The Town provides the following services: fire, ambulance, inspection, parks, streets, and general administrative services.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to local governments. GAAP for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units* and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). As allowed in P80 of GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, the Town has elected to not apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedure issued after November 30, 1989. The more significant accounting policies of the Town are discussed below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Town of Cross Roads (the primary government) and its component units. The following component units are included in the Town's reporting entity because of their operational and financial relationship with the Town.

Blended component units:

The Cross Roads Municipal Development District (the MDD) is governed by a board of seven directors, all of whom are appointed by the Town Council of the Town of Cross Roads and any of whom can be removed from office by the Town's Council at its' will. The MDD was formed in the state of Texas as a non-profit municipal development district under the laws passed by the Texas Legislature in 2005 which authorized the establishment of municipal development districts... The purpose of the MDD is to promote development within the Town of Cross Roads. Separate financial statements of the MDD can be obtained from the Town's administrative offices. The MDD began collecting sales tax in October 2014.

B: BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Town's fire, ambulance, inspection, parks, streets, and general administrative services are

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

classified as governmental activities. The Town does not provide any business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts- invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net costs of each of the Town's Functions (general government, public health, and streets). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (sales, beverage and franchise taxes). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public health, inspection). Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary grants while capital grants reflect capital specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (sales and franchise taxes).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C: BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The Town only provides Governmental Fund type activities and these activities are accounted for the General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources of the Town.

The Town does not provide any Business-type activities.

The Town does not have any fiduciary Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

D: MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of Net Position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expensed are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

2. Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e. both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (typical within 60 days after year end). Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principle and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized only when payment is due.

3. Revenue Recognition:

The Town considers sales taxes and franchise fees as available if collected within 60 days after year end. All other governmental revenues are recognized when received.

4. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles to local governments in the United States of America requires management and those charged with governance to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

5: New Accounting Principles:

The Town has adopted all current GASB pronouncements that are applicable to its operations and activities. The accounting principles governing the reported amounts, financial presentations, and disclosures are subject to change from time to time based on new pronouncements and / or rules issued by various standards-setting bodies. The GASB has issued the following new statements that are potentially applicable to the Town of Cross Roads.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

- Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement will not affect the Town.
- Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues an Amendment of GASB Statements No.* 67, *No.* 68 and *No.73*. The effect of this statement will be recognized in the fiscal year 2018.
- Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. This statement will not affect the Town.
- Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement will not affect the Town.
- Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017. The effect of this statement will be recognized in the fiscal year 2018.
- Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*. This statement will not affect the Town.
- Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The effect of this statement will be recognized in the fiscal year 2021, with earlier application allowed.

New pronouncements not yet in effect as of September 30, 2017, are not expected to have any significant impact on the Town's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. The Town is currently studying these new pronouncements and will adopt them in the fiscal year ending September 2018, as required.

E. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Town has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand and demand deposits.

2. Capital Assets:

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful lives of an assets are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	7 - 50 years
Office Equipment	3 - 10 years
Infrastructure	10 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

3. Prepaid Expenses:

Prepaid expenses represent payments made by the Town in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent year.

4. Compensated Absences:

The Town accrues accumulated unpaid vacation time when earned by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent years) is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

5. Deferred Outflows of resources:

The Town reports decreases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide statement of net position. Deferred outflows of resources reported in this year's financial statement include (1) for contributions made to the Town's retirement plan between the measurement date of the net pension liabilities from the plan and the end of the Town's fiscal year end (2) differences between the plans' projected and actual earnings on pension assets and (3) differences between actuarial assumptions for demographic factors.

The deferred outflows for pension contributions will be recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflows related to differences between projected and actual plan earnings will be amortized to pension expense over a total of five years, including the current fiscal year. The deferred outflows related to differences between actuarial assumptions for demographic factors will be amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees participating in the plan.

No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

6. Deferred Inflows of resources:

The Town reports increases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred inflows of revenues. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s). Deferred inflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements include (1) a deferred inflow of resources for revenues that are not considered available and (2) the difference between expected and actual pension experience.

For revenues that are not considered available the Town will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected no later than 60 days after the end of the Town's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenues from property taxes are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet as deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

related differences between expected and actual pension experience will be amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees participating in the plan.

7. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Restricted Resources:

When as expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available the Town first applies restricted resources.

9. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Any outstanding debt is reduced by any unspent debt proceeds at the end of the fiscal year before the reduction discussed above.

b. Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

c. Unrestricted net position - All other net position that do not meet the criteria of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable (prepaid expenses), restricted (by parties outside of the government or by enabling legislation), committed (by Town Council ordinance or resolution) and unassigned.

F: BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1: Prior to September 1, the Town Secretary submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

2: Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

3: Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.

4: Budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

5: Unused appropriations for all of the above annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017 the following departments had expenditures that exceeded appropriations:

Administration <u>Amount</u> \$ 198,860

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS:

At September 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the Town's cash accounts were \$1,166,500, made up of checking and money market accounts at a local financial institution. The Town did not own any investments at September 30, 2017.

Deposit and Investment risk Disclosures:

(1) Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of outside parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

At September 30, 2017, the Town's bank balances (per bank) totaled \$1,654,331. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining \$1,404,331 was secured by collateral held by the pledging Bank's agent in the name of the Town. The Town was not exposed to custodial credit risk at September 30, 2017.

Securities pledged by the Town's depository institution at September 30, 2017 are as follows:

SECURITY	PAR	FMV
Balch Springs Bond	300,000	328,803
Lindale Bond	605,000	662,820
Bailey County Bond	655,000	683,217
Melissa TX Bond	220,000	233,831
Celina TX Bond	285,000	303,642
Grand Prairie TX Bond	200,000	209,310
Uvalde TX, Bond	500,000	525,645
	\$ <u>2,765,000</u>	\$ <u>2,947,268</u>

(2) Interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk:

The Town does not have any investments and therefor is not subject to interest rate risk, credit risk or concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3: RESTRICTED CASH:

The Town collects a one-quarter percent sales tax for maintenance and repair of the Towns streets and roads. The Town collected \$240,526 of road improvement sales taxes during the fiscal year. Unspent road improvement funds at September 30, 2017 were \$614. These funds are maintained in a separate bank account and can only be used for street and road repairs or improvements.

The Town's restricted cash as presented in the governmental fund balance sheet consists of the following cash accounts:

Municipal Development Dist	\$ 69,853
Legal Contingency	250,000
Public Safety	250,000
Road Improvement	500
Forest Hills Developer Funds	75,710
	\$ 646,063

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 is as follows:

CAPITAL ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BEGINNING		ADDITIONS		RETIREMENTS		ENDING
Land	\$ 108,090	\$	0	\$	0	\$	108,090
Building	482,607		30,325		0		512,932
Furniture & Equipment	239,354		44,364		0		283,718
Infrastructure	3,523,932		2,629,972	_	0		6,153,904
TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST	4,353,983		2,704,661	_	0		7,058,644
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION							
Land	0		0		0		0
Building	104,862		15,901		0		120,763
Furniture & Equipment	92,068		35,472		0		127,540
Infrastructure	969,104		218,850	_	0		1,187,954
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	1,166,034	-	270,223	_	0	-	1,436,257
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 3,187,949	\$	2,434,438	\$	0	\$	5,622,387

DEPRECIATION EXPENSE WAS CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AS FOLLOWS:

General Government Public Works	\$ 51,373 218,850
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	\$ 270,223

NOTE 5: PROPERTY TAXES:

The Town does not levy or collect property taxes

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM DEBT:

The Town does not have any long-term debts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

NOTE 7: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

At September 30, 2017, the Town had a liability for unpaid compensated absence in the amount of \$9,900.

NOTE 8: RETIREMENT PLAN:

A. Plan Description

The Town participates as one of 872 plans in the non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) can be obtained at <u>www.TMRS.com</u>.

All eligible employees of the Town are required to participate in TMRS.

B. Benefits provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefits are adopted by the governing body of the Town, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the Town-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24 or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The Town has adopted the following plan provisions:

	Plan Year 2015	Plan Year 2016
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5 or 0/20	60/5 or 0/20

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

At the December 31, 2016 valuation and measurement date, the following number of employees covered by the benefit terms was:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2
Active employees	5
	8

C. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6% or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the Town matching percentages are either100%, 150% or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the Town. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each Town is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees of the Town were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the Town were 7.04% and 7.24% for the calendar years 2017 and 2016 respectively. The Town's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 were \$15,996 and were equal to the required contributions.

D. Net Pension Liability or Assets

The Town's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.0% per year
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. For additional conservatism, lower termination rates are used, with maximum multipliers of 75%, and the life expectancy is loaded by decreasing the mortality rates by 1% for every active member less than 15. These rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). At its meeting on July 30, 2015, the TMRS Board approved a new portfolio target allocation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.55%
International Equity	17.5%	6.10%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	3.65%
Real Return	10.0%	4.03%
Real Estate	10.0%	5.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.00%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Proportionate Share Percentages:

The Northeast Police Department and the Northeast Municipal Court participate as nonemployer contributing entities in the City of Krugerville's pension plan. Proportionate share percentages are based on each entity's actual contributions during the plan year compared to total contributions by all three entities during the plan year. Actual contributions to the retirement plan by these two entities totaled \$10,255 during the fiscal year. This amount is reported as operating grant revenues in the government-wide statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Changes in Net pension Liability:

ges in iver pension Luonny.		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$	107,631	\$ 76,394	\$ 31,237
Service Cost Interest Differences between expected		31,030 8,216		31,030 8,216
and actual results		4,059		4,059
Change in assumptions		0		0
Contributions - employer			17,315	(17,315)
Contributions - employee			16,825	(16,825)
Net investment income			5,191	(5,191)
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net Changes		(2,858)	(2,858) (58) (3) 36,412	0 58 <u>3</u> 4,035
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	148,078	\$ 112,806	\$ 35,272
Proportionate Share's Town of Cross Roads	\$	143,015	\$ 108,949	\$ 34,066
Northeast Police Department	·	4,253	3,240	1,013
Northeast Municipal Court	\$	810	\$ 617	\$ 193

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease		1% Increase		
		in Discount	Discount Rate	in Discount Rate		
		Rate (5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
Town's Net Pension Liability	\$_	65,442	\$	35,272	\$	11,567
Town of Cross Roads						
Proportionate Share	\$	63,204	\$	34,066	\$	11,172

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separatelyissued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>.

<u>E:</u> Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2017 the Town recognized pension expense of \$17,135.

At September 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following Sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Differences in assumption changes Differences between projected	\$	2,149 3,787	\$	0	\$ 2,149 3,787
and actual investment earnings	-	0	. .	11,186	(11,186)
To be recognized in the future		5,936		11,186	\$ (5,250)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		11,725		0	
Total	\$	17,661	\$	11,186	

\$11,725 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		
2017	<u>\$</u>	116
2018		115
2019		179
2020		853
2021		853
Thereafter		3,132
	\$	5,250

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town is a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TMLIRP") which is a public entity insurance risk pool. Annual contributions to TML are reported in the general fund. Management believes coverage presently purchased from TMLIRP is sufficient to preclude significant uninsured losses to the Town.

NOTE 10: RELATED ORGANIZATIONS AND JOINT VENTURES:

In 2013 the Town entered into an interlocal agreement with the City of Krugerville to create the Northeast Police Department (NEPD) which became effective October 1, 2013. The term of this agreement runs through September 30, 2017 and the agreement automatically renews for additional periods of two years each unless terminated by one of the parties six months prior to the next expiration date. The affairs of the NEPD are administered by a six member commission of which three of the commissioners are from Cross Roads and three commissioners are from Krugerville.

Cross Roads provided \$550,801 of support to NEPD during fiscal year 2017 and has agreed to provide \$893,822 in support for fiscal year 2018. Future years support will be determined based on the use of the police services by each municipality.

In 2013 the Town entered into an interlocal agreement with the City of Krugerville to create the Northeast Municipal Court (NEMC) which became effective October 1, 2013. The term of this agreement runs concurrently with the terms of the NEPD agreement discussed above. The affairs of the NEMC for fiscal year 2017 were administered by the City Council of the Town of Cross Roads.

The NEMC will be funded through court revenues generated by citations issued by the NEPD and any excess funds at year end will first be placed in a reserve for three months projected operating costs and any excess funds above this reserve requirement will be distributed to each municipality based on each municipality's respective contributions to the combined courts and police operation each year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF CROSS ROADS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE-GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

						1	VARIANCE WITH
	г	00101111	_		r	T	FINAL BUDGET
		ORIGINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):	ļ	BUDGET	L	BUDGET	ACTUAL		(UNFAVORABLE)
RESOURCES:							
Sales & Beverage Taxes	\$	1,702,500 \$	5	1,856,632 \$	1,873,408	\$	16,776
Franchise Fees		116,750		114,875	114,316		(559)
Permits & Development Fees		159,200		131,158	90,844		(40,314)
Other Revenues		7,000		8,982	9,042		60
County Road Contributions		2,150,783		2,272,187	1,956,222		(315,965)
Interest Income		4,850		6,855	8,921		2,066
Personnel Reimbursements-NEMC		87,657		56,152	76,308		20,156
Personnel Reimbursements-NEPD		43,030		41,330	47,990		6,660
Transfer From Municipal Devel. Dist.	~ [206,000		206,000	221,850	Īœ	15,850
TOTAL RESOURCES	\$	4,477,770 \$	▶∟	4,694,171 \$	4,398,901	\$	(295,270)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS:							
ADMINISTRATION							
Advertising & Promotion	\$	30,000 \$	5	7,230 \$		\$	(5,662)
Public Notices		2,000		1,120	1,732		(612)
Insurance		5,500		6,158	5,595		563
Meetings, Travel & Training		15,000		2,408	5,962		(3,554)
Accounting & Auditing		3,500		4,000	4,000		0
Legal Services		15,000		14,499	13,468		1,031
Economic Development Grants		287,500		408,260	595,713		(187,453)
Other Professional Services		1,500		300	5,600		(5,300)
Engineering Services Codification Services		60,000		45,305	45,305		0
Election Costs		1,500 3,000		2,031 0	2,031 0		0 0
Library Inter-Local		20,000		18,289	18,649		(360)
Park Events		9,500		7,695	6,012		1,683
Park Maintenance & Planning		25,120		13,072	7,772		5,300
Building & Equipment Maintenance		15,000		9,271	10,658		(1,387)
Supplies & Minor Equipment		11,500		9,776	15,360		(5,584)
Technology		10,000		9,843	11,263		(1,420)
Utilities		11,500		8,807	11,366		(2,559)
Vehicle Expenses		2,500		1,286	1,394		(108)
Staff Wages		300,000		286,792	286,792		Ó
Payroll Taxes		25,000		23,222	22,500		722
Employee Health Insurance		27,500		41,509	35,417		6,092
Employee Retirement		20,500	_	19,499	19,751	_	(252)
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	[902,620		940,372	1,139,232		(198,860)

TOWN OF CROSS ROADS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE-GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	ORIGINAL	
	BUDGET BUDGET ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
PUBLIC SAFETY		
Animal Control	12,000 12,000 13,00	
Inspection Svcs./Code Enforcement	72,500 71,997 63,20	
Careflight Services	3,500 2,100 2,100 550,001 550,001 550,001	
Inter-Local Police Svcs Inter-Local Fire & Ambulance	550,801 550,801 550,80 290,000 290,000 290,000	
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	928,801 926,898 919,103	
	320,001 320,030 313,10	7,795
STREETS:		
Street/Drainage/Repairs & Signs	91,323 84,717 82,11	3 2,604
TOTAL STREETS	91,323 84,717 82,113	3 2,604
CAPITAL OUTLAY		
Operations	55,000 2,636 34,30	
Parks	40,380 40,380 40,38	
Streets & Roads	2,459,646 2,379,646 2,629,97	
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	2,555,026 2,422,662 2,704,66	1 (281,999)
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS	4,477,770 4,374,649 4,845,10	9 (470,460)
EXCESS OF CURRENT RESOURCES OVER (UNDER)		
APPROPRIATIONS	\$ 0 \$ 319,522 \$ (446,20	3) \$ (765,730)
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE:		
BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 1,752,611 \$ 1,752,611 \$ 1,752,61	1
END OF YEAR	\$ <u>1,752,611</u> \$ <u>2,072,133</u> \$ <u>1,306,403</u>	3

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

September 30, 2017

Plan Year		2016	_	2015		2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY						
Service Cost	\$	31,030	\$	26,750	\$	32,429
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		8,216		6,177		5,048
Changes in benefit terms		0		0		0
Difference between expected and actual experience		4,059		(3,548)		(15,894)
Change of assumptions		0		4,813		0
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(2,858)		(2,858)		(2,382)
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		40,447		31,334		19,201
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - BEGINNING		107,631	_	76,297		57,096
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING (a)	\$	148,078	\$	107,631	\$	76,297
			_			
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION						
Contributions - Employer	\$	17,315	\$	15,669	\$	12,846
Contributions - Employee		16,825		13,779		12,923
Net investment income		5,191		74		1,437
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(2,858)		(2,858)		(2,382)
Administrative expense		(58)		(45)		(15)
Other		(3)	_	(3)	,	(1)
NET CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	1	36,412		26,616		24,808
PLAN NET FIDUCIARY POSITION - BEGINNING		76,394	_	49,778	,	24,970
PLAN NET FIDUCIARY POSITION - ENDING (b)	\$	112,806	\$ =	76,394	\$	49,778
NET PENSION LIABILITY (a) - (b)	\$	35,272	\$	31,237	\$	26,519
Town of Cross Roads Proportionate Share of Net	Pens	ion Liability				
Proportionate Percentage *	:	96.58%	=	100.00%	:	100.00%
Proportionate Share	\$	34,066	\$	31,237	\$	26,519
* Based on actual contributions made by each contrib	uting	entity	-			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage						
of Total Pension Liability		76.18%		70.98%		65.24%
Covered employee payroll	\$	236,692	\$	196,839	\$	184,612
Net Pension Liability as a percentage of						
covered payroll		14.90%		15.87%		14.36%

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

September 30, 2017

		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	15,996	15,550 \$	15,083
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		15,996	15,550	15,083
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	0	0	0
Covered employee payroll		225,535	204,214	184,612
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		7.09%	7.61%	8.17%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Notes	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of
	December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization	Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Period	27 Years
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.5% to 10.5%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010 - 2014
Mortality	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male multiplied by 109% and female multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB
Other Information:	
Notes	There were no benefit changes during the year

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF CROSS ROADS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES & EXPENSES-GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		2017		2016	_	2015
REVENUES						
RESOURCES:						
Sales & Beverage Taxes	\$	1,873,408	\$	1,696,046	\$	1,507,111
Franchise Fees	Ŷ	114,316	Ŧ	115,744	Ŧ	109,592
Permits & Development Fees		90,844		150,433		179,490
Other Revenues		9,042		7,477		7,707
County Road Contributions		1,956,222		1,215,061		0
Interest Income		8,921		6,558		5,789
Personnel Reimbursements-NEMC		76,308		0		0
Personnel Reimbursements-NEPD		47,990		0		0
Transfer From Municipal Devel. Dist.	_	221,850		400,000		150,000
TOTAL RESOURCES	\$	4,398,901	\$	3,591,319	\$	1,959,689
EXPENDITURES						
EXPENDITORES						
ADMINISTRATION						
Advertising & Promotion	\$	12,892	\$	19,407	\$	16,173
Public Notices		1,732		1,934		3,127
Insurance		5,595		5,129		4,088
Meetings, Travel & Training		5,962		8,335		8,610
Accounting & Auditing		4,000		3,500		3,300
Legal Services		13,468		20,322		228,827
Economic Development Grants		595,713		89,605		15,170
Other Professional Services		5,600		6,615		7,059
Engineering Services		45,305		54,506		53,790
Codification Services		2,031		375		3,312
Planning Services		0		0		50,000
Election Costs		0		1,355		8,880
Library Inter-Local Park Events		18,649 6,012		16,953		14,977
Park Maintenance & Planning		7,772		3,363 11,292		0 0
Tree mMtigation		0		0		12,105
Building & Equipment Maintenance		10,658		17,812		28,902
Supplies & Minor Equipment		15,360		10,124		17,719
Technology		11,263		8,455		26,094
Utilities		11,366		9,186		10,424
Vehicle Expenses		1,394		1,366		0
Staff Wages		286,792		204,214		190,623
Payroll Taxes		22,500		16,546		15,276
Employee Health Insurance		35,417		19,163		22,490
Employee Retirement		19,751		15,550	. -	15,083
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION		1,139,232	L	545,107		756,029

TOWN OF CROSS ROADS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES & EXPENSES-GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
PUBLIC SAFETY			
Animal Control	13,000	10,765	9,475
Inspection Svcs./Code Enforcement	63,202	66,519	75,634
Careflight Services	2,100	2,147	0
Inter-Local Police Svcs	550,801	444,485	426,282
Inter-Local Fire & Ambulance	290,000	115,000	51,510
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	919,103	638,916	562,901
STREETS:			
Street/Drainage/Repairs & Signs	82,113	75,644	148,141
TOTAL STREETS	82,113	75,644	148,141
CAPITAL OUTLAY			
Operations	34,309	33,155	64,470
Parks	40,380	0	0
Streets & Roads	2,629,972	1,816,264	223,650
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	2,704,661	1,849,419	288,120
	4.045.400	0.400.000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,845,109	3,109,086	1,755,191
EXCESS OF CURRENT RESOURCES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	\$ (446,208) \$	482,233 \$	204,498
	φ (440,200) φ	402,203 P	204,430

WILLIAM C. SPORE, P.C. Certified Public Accountants 200 N. Rufe Snow Dr., Ste 116 Keller, TX 76248 817-421-6619

To the Town Council Town of Cross Roads

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the Town of Cross Roads as of and for the year ending September 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered the Town of Cross Roads' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be a material weakness.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and Town Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

William C. Spore, PC Certified Public Accountants March 19, 2018